Effect of Early Supraglottic Airway Device Insertion on Chest Compression Fraction during Simulated Out-of-Hospital Cardiac Arrest: Randomised Controlled Trial

STUBY Loric (GTA), JAMPEN Laurent (ESAMB), SIERRO Julien (CAHVS), BERGERON Maxime (STAR), PAUS Erik (SPSL), SPICHIGER Thierry (ES ASUR, ASR), SUPPAN Laurent (HUG), THURRE David (GTA)



The secondary aims was to assess the learning path in the naive population, and to assess CPR quality and ventilation parameters.

bag-valve-mask ventilations scheme in a

simulated OHCA.

METHODS



PERSPECTIVES



EMTs applying the experimental approach achieved a higher CCF and enhanced ventilation parameters than those applying their standard of care, without delaying time to critical actions. However, the shallower chest compressions found in the i-gel[®] group deserve further investigation, as the depth of compressions is a key component of cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

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After minimal training, paramedics and

Three interesting perspectives would be to assess the same approach 1) in a pediatric setting, 2) with first responders, and 3) in a clinical study.

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Secondary outcomes			
Outcome	Control (<i>n</i> = 13 teams)	Experiment (<i>n</i> = 13 teams)	<i>p</i> -value
Successful insertion - At first pass - At second pass	NA	11/13 2/13	NA
QUALITY OF CHEST COMPRESSIONS			
Compression depth ¹	5.2 cm [4.9;5.3]	4.6 cm [4.3;5.0]	0.007
Proportion within target (5 to 6 cm) ²	67% (52-81)	42% (28-55)	0.01
Compression rate ²	115 cpm (110-119)	116 cpm (112-120)	0.65
Full chest recoil ¹	99% [92;100]	98% [87;100]	0.90
CRITICAL ACTIONS			
Time to first shock ²	41 s (35-47)	42 s (36-47)	0.85
Time to first ventilation ¹	103 s [93;110]	109 s [90;127]	0.74
Defibrillation attempts ¹	4 [4;5]	5 [4;5]	0.05
VENTILATION PARAMETERS			
Ventilations provided ²	19 (16-23)	39 (33-46)	<0.001
Minute ventilation ¹	794 mL/min [689;1285]	2374 mL/min [2134;2672]	< 0.001
Proportion within target (300 to 700	82% [65;86]	95% [89;98]	0.003

¹Median [Q1;Q3] ²Mean (95%Cl)



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